Parent-Child-Caseworker Visitations

(FY 2022 Appropriation Act - Public Act 87 of 2021)

March 1, 2022

- **Sec. 564.** (1) The department shall maintain a clear policy for parent-child visitations. The local county offices, caseworkers, and supervisors shall meet an 85% success rate, after accounting for factors outside of the caseworkers' control.
- (2) Per the court-ordered number of required meetings between caseworkers and a parent, the caseworkers shall achieve a success rate of 85%, after accounting for factors outside of the caseworkers' control.
- (3) By March 1 of the current fiscal year, the department shall provide to the senate and house appropriations subcommittees on the department budget, the senate and house fiscal agencies, the senate and house policy offices, and the state budget office a report on the following:
- (a) The percentage of success rate for parent-child visitations and courtordered required meetings between caseworkers referenced in subsections (1) and (2) for the previous year.
- (b) The barriers to achieve the success rates in subsections (1) and (2) and how this information is tracked.



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The Modified Implementation, Sustainability and Exit Plan in reporting period 20 (January-June 2021) revealed:

- Sixty (59.9) percent of children had visits of sufficient frequency with their parents to promote parent-child relationships. This included face-to-face contact as well as video contact in compliance with federal exceptions.
- Seventy-four (73.6) percent of caseworkers completed at least one face-to-face contact with parents each month. This included face-to-face contact as well as video contact in compliance with federal exceptions.

Barriers to Compliance

- Health and safety concerns related to COVID-19 impacted face to face contacts for workers, parents, and children.
- Time involved in transportation and supervision of visits is difficult for workers.
- Lack of standardized assessment tools for development of family-specific visitation plans.
- Need for continued education of community partners regarding the role and importance of parent-child visitation in child welfare cases.

Efforts to Mitigate Barriers

- The department undertook extensive efforts to ensure that parent child visits and worker parent visits could occur using various forms of video technology when face to face contact was not possible when it was not safe due to COVID-19 illness or exposure for any of the parties.
 - Continuous guidance has been issued to the field to ensure clear direction was provided on contact expectations, mitigation strategies required to reduce possible exposure for all parties, and alternative methods of contact when face to face was not allowed or posed a risk.
 - Parents and caregivers in need were provided with phones or other devices, and data plans, to support video communication.
 - When weather permitted outdoor contacts were encouraged.
 - Alternate supervision was used when appropriate to encourage parent child visitation face to face.
- In 2021 MDHHS implemented the Team Decision Making (TDM)[™] model, that uses an objective facilitator to conduct meetings following an evidence-informed six stage model, in select counties across the state. TDMs are being conducted at the following key decision points in a case:
 - Before considered removals and the next business day after emergency removals.
 - Before placement changes.
 - Before the start of unsupervised parenting time.
 - Before return home.

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- Opportunities are provided to educate relative caregivers about the importance of parent-child-visits and the relative caregivers' role in visitation.
- The Foster Care Supportive Visitation contract program provides intensive and individualized parent-child visit services to families whose children are in foster care and where reunification is the case goal. General activities include providing in-home parenting education, observing parent-child interactions, and giving helpful feedback to the parent before and after each session.
- Funds were allocated to each Business Service Center (BSC) to mitigate barriers to visitation for individual families. Funds were used on such items as phone cards/phones with video capability, gas cards, vehicle repair, contracts for visitation supervision.
- Development of contracts for the delivery of evidence-based/best practice services to address needs related to parenting skills.
- The Enhanced MiTEAM Practice Model includes guidance on development of parenting time plans and assessment aspects of the case service plan.
- Training is provided, as needed, to ensure a clear understanding of visitation policy, proper documentation of visitation in Michigan Statewide Automated Child Welfare Information System, and the use of data in identification of trends and gaps locally and statewide.
- Continued collaboration in a workgroup in Kent County that includes partners across
 the continuum of care coming together to identify and address issues of
 overrepresentation of minorities coming into care. The workgroup includes
 representatives from K-12 and higher education, law enforcement, faith-based
 leaders, former foster care youth, Michigan Department of Health and Human
 Services staff, attorneys, local judges, and private agency staff.
- Implementation of a pilot for the progression of visitation to unsupervised when approved by the court.

Tracking

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services developed standard reports, a book of business, and performs quality assurance compliance reviews to track compliance with caseworker-parent visits, parent-child visits and to monitor compliance with policy.